Best Practices in Solutions for Lane Departure Avoidance

NCHRP Project 20-68A Domestic Scan Program Scan 09-03

Best Practices in Solutions for Lane Departure Avoidance

Sponsored by AASHTO, NCHRP and TRB Administered by Arora & Associates, P.C. Consulting Engineers, Lawrenceville, NJ

Impetus for Scan

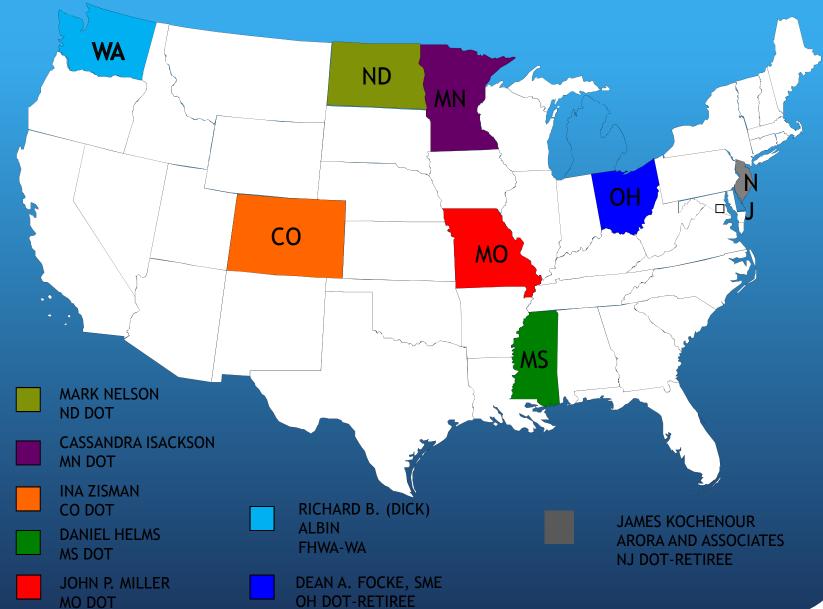
 NCHRP Report 500, Volume 6: "A Guide for Addressing Run-Off-Road Collisions"

• AASHTO's "Driving Down Lane-Departure Crashes"

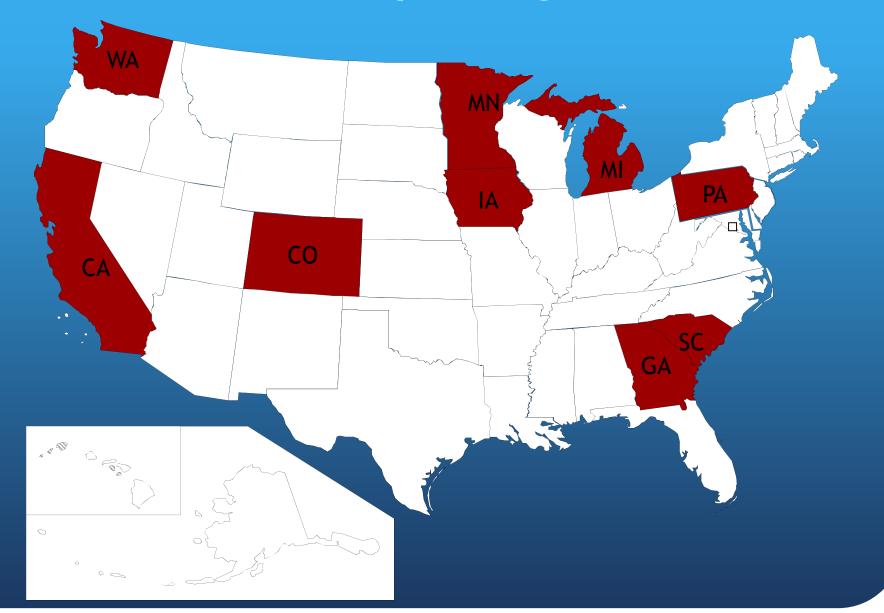
Focus of Scan

- While many states have implemented countermeasures, their nature and effectiveness have not been widely disseminated
- To identify and share these successful strategies in preventing lane departure crashes, and
- To ultimately save lives

Scan Team Members



Participating States



Preliminary Findings -Successful Lane Departure Strategies

- Lane Departure Countermeasures
- Accurate and Timely Crash Data and Data Analysis
- Performance Reviews
- Funding Issues and Resources
- Institutionalized Culture of Safety
- Partnerships

Use of both "Proactive" and "Reactive" Strategies are important

Lane Departure Countermeasures

- Rumble Strips and Stripes (Shoulder, Edgeline, Centerline)
- Safety Edge and Pavement Drop-offs
- Paved Shoulder Widening
- Pavement Markings (Edge Lines and In-Lane Markings)
- Additional Horizontal Curve Signing (Chevrons, Advisory Speed Limits)
- Dynamic Signing (Speed Feedback and LED Signing)
- Median Cable Systems

Michigan's Non-Freeway Rumble Strip Program



Centerline Rumble Strips: ~5,400 Miles

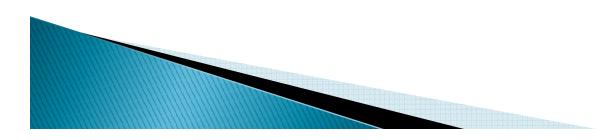


Shoulder Rumble Strips: ~2,700 Miles

Iowa's Safety Edge









Retro-reflective Pavement Markings Advanced Markings, Signage, and Delineations



Curve Delineation

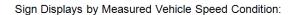




Colorado's Dynamic Curve Warning Signs

Dynamic Signing for Horizontal Curves





Sign Display 1

Blank – Measured vehicle speed is below the set threshold #1 or no vehicle present.

Sign Display 2

YOUR SPEED XX – Measured vehicle speed equal to or greater than speed threshold #1 but less than speed threshold #2.

Sign Display 3

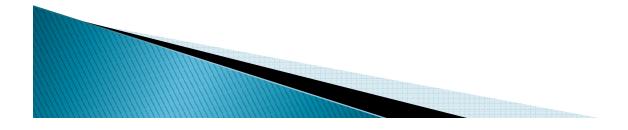
SPEED LIMIT XX – Measured vehicle speed equal to or greater than speed threshold #2.





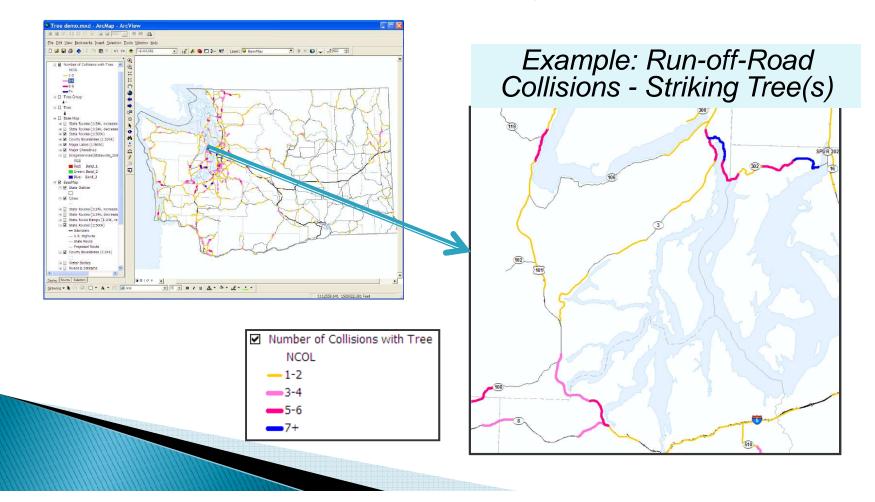
Minnesota Cable Median Barrier

•260 miles installed to date
•90-100%
Reduction in target K&A's
•Additional 90 miles planned

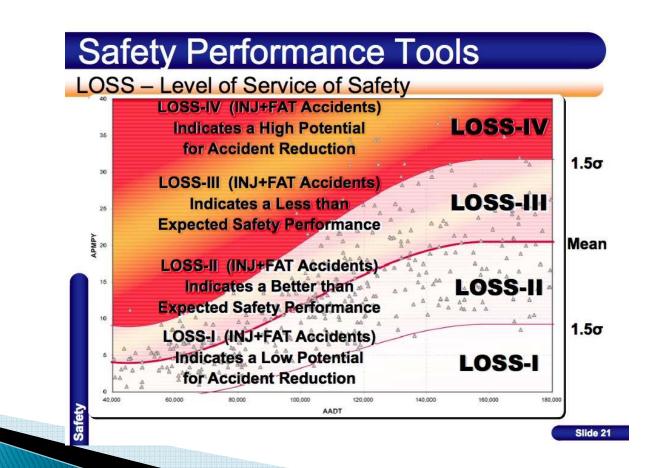


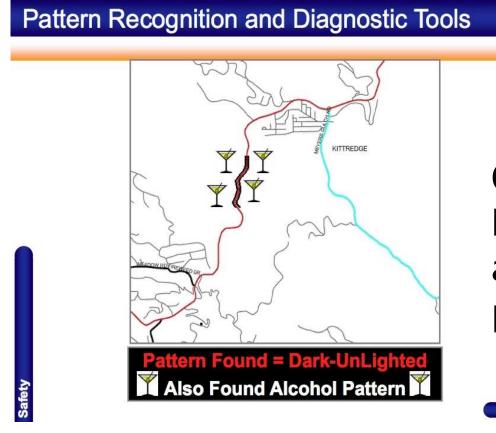
- Agencies adept a processing crash data are better able to allocated resources
- Issues with:
 - Ownership
 - Data Quality
 - Use of automated inputs
 - Accuracy of the accident report
 - Precise accident location
- Ease of data queries and timeliness of reports

Washington quality data allows for better selection of safety projects



Colorado defines a Safety Level of Service





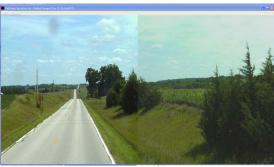
Colorado uses a Pattern Recognition algorithm for ALL projects

Slide 32

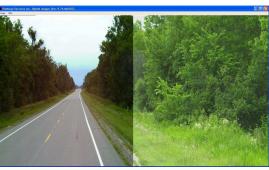
Minnesota's Edge Risk Assessment

1 - Good Shoulder, Good Clear Zone





2 - No Shoulder, Good Clear Zone



2 - Good Shoulder, No Clear Zone







- Mendocino County's Traffic Safety Review Program
 - Excellent low cost program for rural counties
 - Identify and treat collision generators systemically
 - Address problems unique to local or low volume roads
 - Stretch resources
 - Create a road safety program

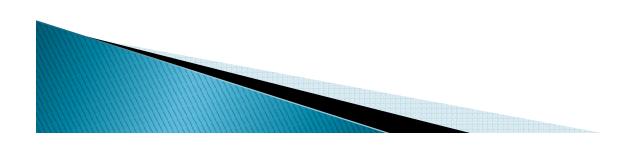
Innovative Funding

- Everything is always underfunded, but
- Successful states seem to be able to find funding for safety
 - SAFETEA-LU Section 156 and 164 are available
 - State Set-asides can generate funds
 - Don't overlook Fee Revenue/fines as a source

Funding Issues – Local Agencies

- Wright County's Experience
 - Limited Resources
 - Limited tax base
 - Limited political clout

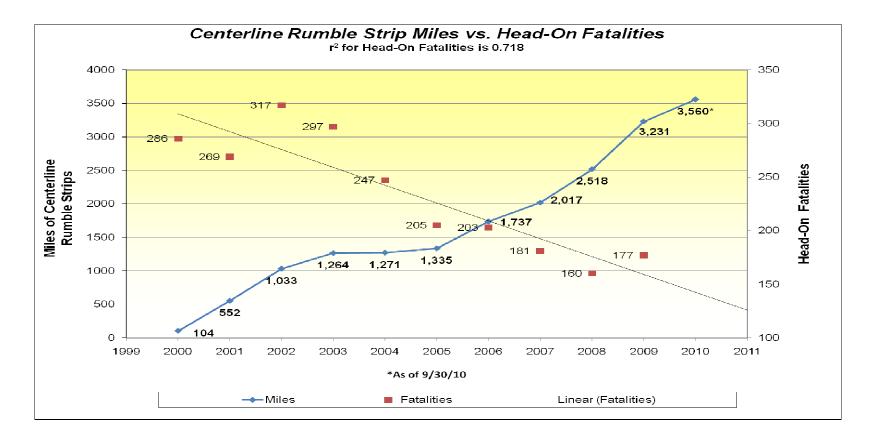




Performance Reviews

- Appropriate follow-up project tracking is important for future success
 - Post project tracking gives good indication of what has been done
 - Also show progress of mitigation strategies
 - Informs of what work is remaining
 - Can be used to inform Management, or Public of progress

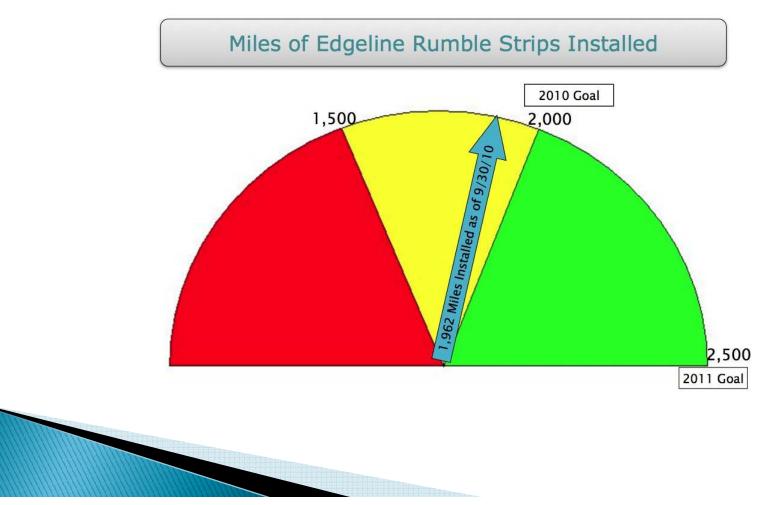
Performance Reviews



Pennsylvania's Trend Line Graphs

Performance Reviews

Pennsylvania's Pinwheel Plots show remaining work



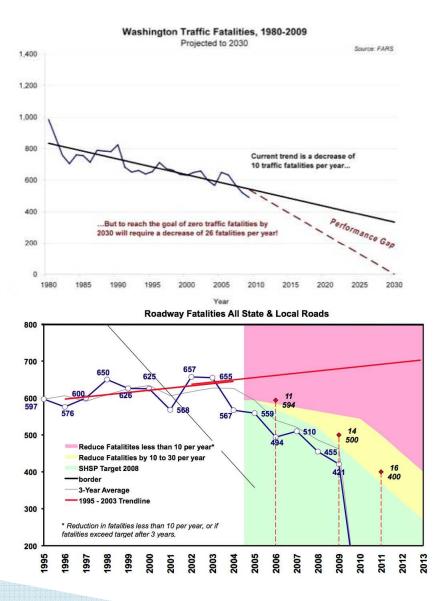
Safety Culture

- Institutionalized "Culture of Safety" successfully drives some agencies
 - Safety Advocate
 - Someone's personal mission
 - Formalizing Safety into Departmental Policies
 - SOP, Standard Plans, Design Manuals, etc.
 - Department-wide Safety Focus
 - Top management driven

Safety Culture







Partnerships

- Successful agencies team with other interested and affected agencies to increase the synergy of the effectiveness of Safety Programs
- Makes better use of the 4E's of Highway Safety
 - Engineering
 - Enforcement
 - Education
 - Emergency Response

Partnerships - Other Agencies



Partnerships - Education

- Education Regarding Cable Barrier in Michigan
 - Public Service Announcements
 - Informational Flyers
 - Project-Specific Training
 - Presentations
 - Website



Partnerships - Enforcement

- Driver Behavior
 - Seat Belt Enforcement Campaigns
 - Conduct DWI Saturations
 - GDL Enforcement Campaigns
 - Speed Enforcement Campaigns





Implementation of Findings

- Participate in conferences of national transportation organizations
 - AASHTO, ITE, NACE, TRB
- Provide Web Seminars utilizing agencies which are advanced in selected topic areas
 - Safety Edge, Low-Cost Program, Accident Data Collection, etc., as deemed necessary.
- Final Scan Report due by Summer 2011

Best Practices in Solutions for Lane Departure Avoidance

Thanks to these participating agencies:

- Colorado State DOT
- Georgia State DOT
- Iowa State DOT
- Mendocino County, California, Dept. of Transportation
- Michigan State DOT
- Minnesota State DOT
- Pennsylvania State DOT
- South Carolina State DOT
- Washington State DOT
- Wright County, Minnesota, Highway Department